

Book of Abstract
Conference Proceeding
The 3rd
International Conference
on Islamic Education
Studies and Social Science

Virtual Conference July 6, 2021

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# **Book of Abstract Conference Proceeding**

3<sup>rd</sup> ICISS: International Conference on Islamic Education Studies and Social Science

Virtual Conference July 6, 2021



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# 3<sup>rd</sup> ICISS: International Conference on Islamic Education Studies and Social Science

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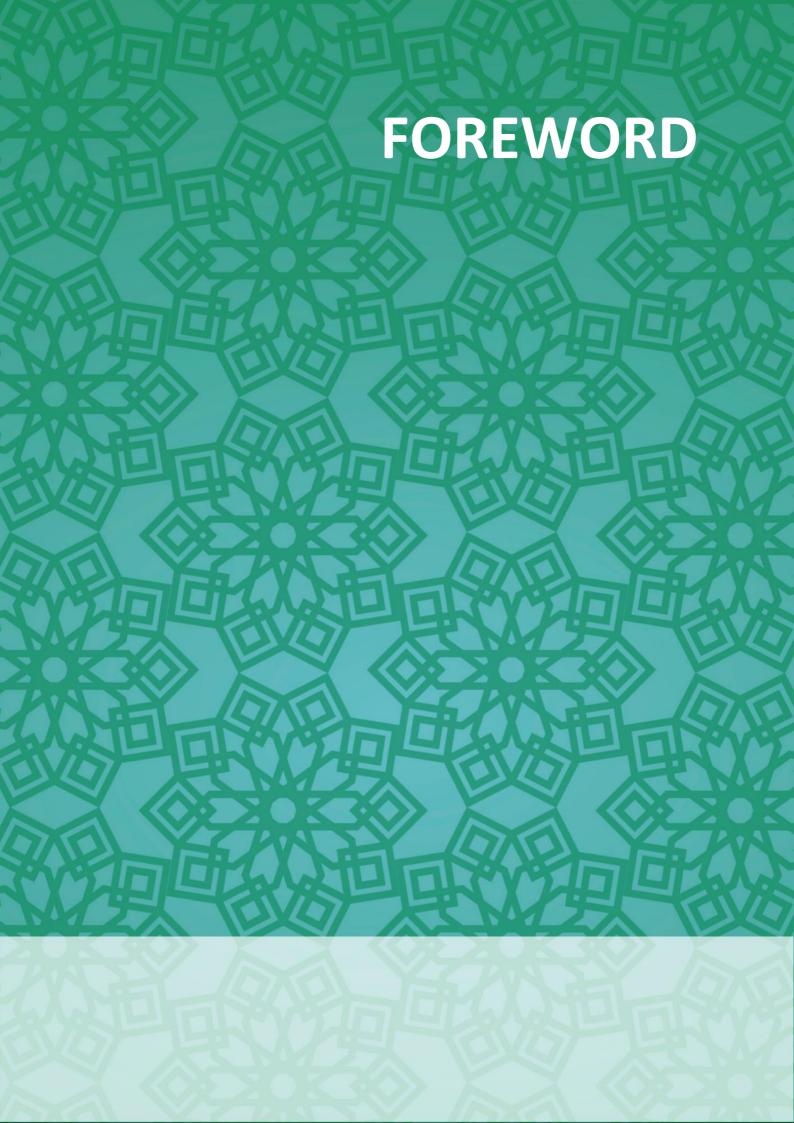
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### **ORGANIZING COMMITTEE**

#### **PROGRAM COMMITTEE**

#### **Conference Chair:**

Prof. Ir. A. Harits Nu'man, M.T., Ph.D., IPM.

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Eka Juliafad

The University of Tokyo, Japan

Muhammad Zubair

Alpen Adria University Klagenfurt/Sociology, Austria

#### **CONFERENCE CHAIR MESSAGE**

We are delighted to welcome you to 3<sup>rd</sup> International Conference on Islamic Education Studies and Social Science (3<sup>rd</sup> ICISS) by Research Synergy Foundation (RSF) that held virtually on July 6<sup>th</sup>, 2021.

This conference not only give you global forum to share and exchange idea, research, and work. But also, provide wider network and research ecosystem for further collaboration and projects. We are glad to share this good opportunities in the scientific community, that will be offered only for all participants who participate in the conference.

It has been our privilege to convene this conference. Our sincere thanks, to the conference organizing committee; to the Program Chairs for their wise advice and brilliant suggestion on organizing the technical program and to the Program Committee for their through and timely reviewing of the papers. Recognition should go to the Local Organizing Committee members who have all worked extremely hard for the details of important aspects of the conference programs and social activities.

We welcome you to this conference and hope that this year's conference will challenge and inspire you, and result in new knowledge, collaborations, and friendships.

Best regards,

Prof. Ir. A. Harits Nu'man, M.T., Ph.D., IPM.

Conference Chair of 3<sup>rd</sup> ICISS 2021

#### **SESSION CHAIR**



#### Dr. Joycelyn Sicat

Dr. Joycelyn Sicat- Dayrit is experienced in Education and Corporate Consultancy with a demonstrated history of working in the education management industry. She has a Bachelor of Science in Commerce (BSC) major in Business Administration degree from the University of Santo Tomas and Post graduate degrees at Angeles University Foundation, she is currently taking her second Doctorate at the University of the Visayas Philippines.

She is a currently a Guest Lecturer at the Graduate school of Business of Holy Angel University, Northwestern University and University of the Visayas. Programme Consultant of Families for Tomorrow Service and Business development consultant of F Mag Singapore, Project Consultant of Global Professional Advancement, Philippines.

She is an Accredited Reviewer for Junior Achievement Philippines for RMP and RBP and is a Member of the Regional Quality Assessment Team (RQAT) of the Commission on Higher Education Region 3. She is the corporate secretary of Pampanga Research Organization (PREO), blind Peer Reviewer of 5 international 3 local journals. Dr. Dayrit considers herself a neophyte in the field of Research, thus she continues to upskill. Her paper on Work Life Balance and Employee Engagement received a best paper/ presentation award and was published thereafter in a Scopus indexed journal.

## **CONFERENCE PROGRAM**

# Tuesday, July 6<sup>th,</sup> 2021

Time (UTC+7)	Activity
08.50- 09.00	Participant Login and Join Virtual Conference by ZOOM
09.00 – 09.05	Welcome Address
09.05 – 09.25	Global Research Ecosystem Introduction  Dr. Hendrati Dwi Mulyaningsih  Founder & Chairman of Research Supergru Foundation
00.25 00.20	Founder & Chairman of Research Synergy Foundation
09.25 – 09.30	Group Photo Session
09.30 – 09.35	Preparation for Online Presentation
09.35 – 11.05	Online Presentation Session
	Session Chair: Dr. Joycelyn Dayrit
	Holy Angel University
11.05 – 11.15	Open Research Discussion Session & Participant Testimonial
11.15 – 11.25	Closing and Post-conference information announcement

Tuesday, July 6<sup>th</sup> 2021

Session Time: 09.35 - 11.05

Session Chair: Dr. Joycelyn Sicat

#### **Track Political Science**

Paper ID	Presenter	Paper Title
CIS21103	Faez Syahroni	Government Policy in Dealing With Forest Fire. Case Study : Aceh Province

#### **Track International Relations**

Paper ID	Presenter	Paper Title
CIS21104	Gerald Theodorus L. Toruan	Indonesia Defense Diplomacy Against the United States - China In The South China Sea As An Effort To Create Peace In The Region

#### **Track Social Science**

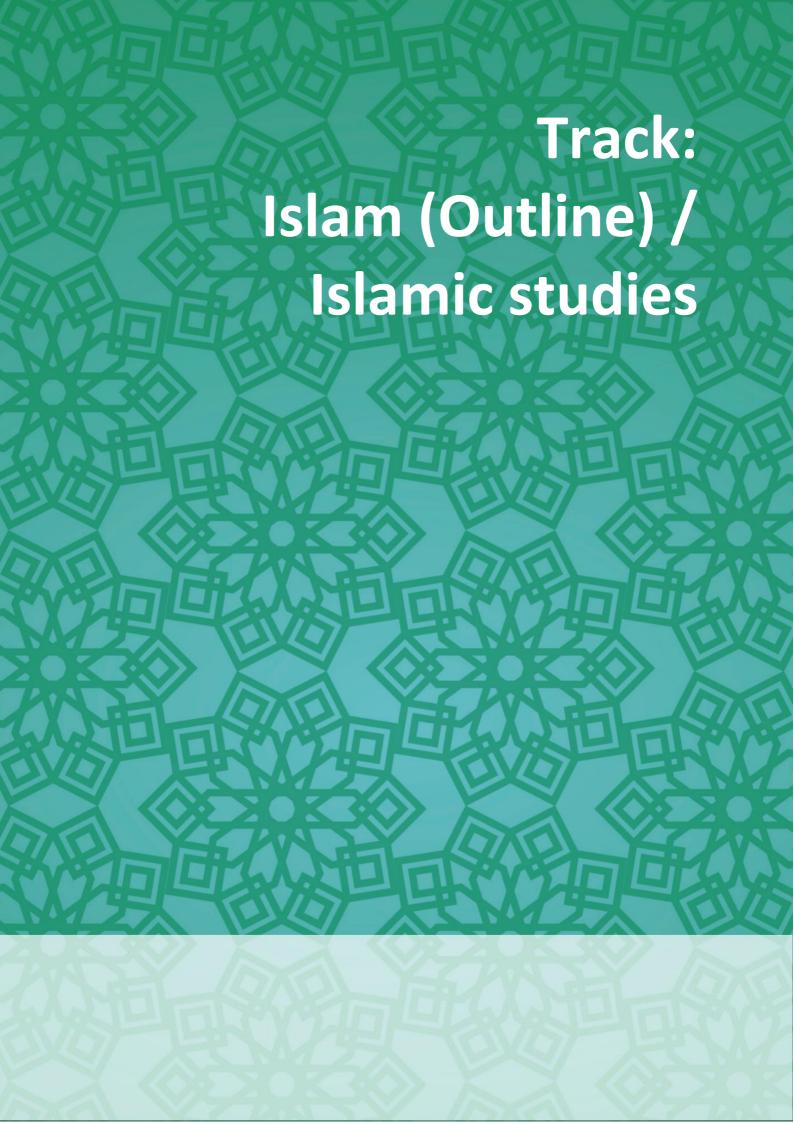
Paper ID	Presenter	Paper Title
CIS21105	Arissy Jorgi Sutan	Social Media, Climate Change and Youth Activism: Using Social Media in Climate Strike Movement (2019)
CIS21109	Danang Eko Prastya	How to Indonesia Government Response New Normal Tourism? Promoting Virtual Tourism During the Covid Pandemic 19

### Track Islam (outline)/ Islamic studies

Paper ID	Presenter	Paper Title
CIS21110	Muhammad Taqiyuddin	Study on Early Islamic Engineering

### **Track Sustainable Development**

Paper ID	Presenter	Paper Title
CIS21106	In'amul Mustofa	Analysis of Mode Transportation for Tourism Development: A Case study in the Magelang Regency, Central Java



#### **Study on Early Islamic Engineering**

Muhammad Taqiyuddin<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Universitas Darussalam Gontor

#### **Abstract**

**Background** - The study about early Islamic engineering, must be focused on three figures: Banu Musa, al-Jazari, and Khalaf al-Muradi. Because, they have proved to be quite complex adaption and reception of the engineering sciences of previous civilizations, including Greece, Egypt and Persia. Their work is a combination of Islamic appreciation of pre-Islamic civilization, along with the framework of Muslims at that time. This fact is not appreciated much except after the emergence of intensive studies on the history of science. Among the characters is A.I. Sabra, George Sarton, to other historians of science. Some of them also translated the original work from Arabic. Some others make replicas of their findings. Among the most famous is the elephant clock.

**Purpose** - This article attempts to critically reveal matters related to the contributions of these three figures in Islamic engineering, as well as trace their general contribution to modern civilization.

**Design/methodology/approach** - This research is a literature review, using qualitative-descriptive methods by exploring primary sources in the form of literature related to the research theme. The analysis technique relies on the historical-critical method, which is to compare the chronology between characters and their works, in order to obtain the correct data to be described in a chronological-comparative manner.

**Findings** - This research obtain, that the very idea of early islamic scientist in engineering, had to developed a models of sustainability-energy in their scientific discovery. This is a part of implementation of islamic teaching: the maqashid syariah

**Research limitations** - This research limitedly focused on old manuscripts studies about three figures as the pioneer on Islamic Engineering

**Originality/value** - This is a part of implementation of islamic teaching: the maqashid syariah in early technological development in Islamic civilization.

Keywords: Islamic	Engineering, I.	slamic science,	maqashid syariah,	Islamic civilization	



# Social Media, Climate Change and Youth Activism: Using Social Media in Climate Strike Movement (2019)

Arissy Jorgi Sutan<sup>1</sup>, Eko Priyo Purnomo<sup>2</sup>, Lubna Salsabila <sup>3</sup>, Aqil Teguh Fathani<sup>4</sup>, Megandaru Widhi Kawurvan<sup>5</sup>

<sup>1,2,4</sup>Department Government Affairs Administration, Jusuf Kalla School Of Government, Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta, <sup>3</sup>Department Government Affairs Administration, Jusuf Kalla School Of Government, Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta, <sup>5</sup>Institut Pemerintahan Dalam Negeri, Indonesia

#### **Abstract**

**Background** - Greta Thunberg initiated the climate strike movement. Previous research only focused sees social media as the media of the climate strike movement; this research explains social media vital function in the climate strike movement.

**Purpose** - This research aims to analyze social media use in the Climate Strike Movement in 2019. Social media analysis from the content, hashtags analysis, and narrative spread on social media. This research contribution is to share the knowledge that social media have a vital function in the climate strike movement.

**Design/methodology/approach** - This methodology used in Qualitative methodology, which analyzes social media data using Qualitative Data Analysis Software (Q-DAS), in this case, is Nvivo 12Plus, and to deliver using descriptive way. The analysis process defines: First, collecting data using N-Capture from social media. Second, coding data using terms or indicators to classified data. Third, analysis using three analysis toll chart, cluster, and word cloud analysis. Fourth, presenting data using descriptive to deliver value.

**Findings** - This research found that, first, social media use to influence the netizen using content like terms of "Climate," "Climate Strike," and "Strike week." Second, social media hashtags relation is strong with identical goals; it is proven by relation to 0,6 Lower limit and 1 point Upper limit. Third, social media narration appears, define using: Single words, Hashtags, accounts, for example, climate, #Climatechange, @gretathunberg.

**Research limitations** - Research limitation like the data used is social media-based without know the grassroots problem of citizen perspective.

**Originality/value** - Research limitation like the data used is social media-based without know the grassroots problem of citizen perspective.

Keyworas	: Cumate	Cnange, Sc	сіаі меаіа	, Sociai M	ovements		

### How to Indonesia Government Response New Normal Tourism? Promoting Virtual Tourism During the Covid Pandemic 19

Danang Eko Prastya<sup>1</sup>, Eko Priyo Purnomo<sup>2</sup>, Lubna Salsabila<sup>3</sup>, Aqil Teguh Fathani<sup>4</sup>

1,2,3,4</sup>Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta

#### **Abstract**

**Background** - Since the issuance of the Decree President No.12 of 2020 about the Large Restriction, The high impact is seen clearly on Indonesia tourism sectors. The number of Indonesian foreign visitors decrease dramatically in 2020. Even thought, the tourism sector has played a significant role in the Indonesian economy. The contribution of tourism to the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) in 2019 was 4.7% or an increase of 0.59 % from 2017. Hence, consider the vital role of tourism sector to contribute to GDP, the Indonesian government innovates a policy to sustain the tourism sector as adaptability capacity.

**Purpose** - This research purpose is to examine a policy innovation response of the government to maintain tourism sector during COVID 19.

**Design/methodology/approach** - The research method is using Social Content Analysis and Computer Assisted Qualitative Data Analysis method to explain a policy innovation of the Indonesian Government to maintain tourism sector during pandemic COVID 19. The primary data collected from the news online that relate with the government policies on tourism sector in COVID 19 and the official social media of the Indonesia Ministry Tourism. The NVivo 12 Plus used to explain the role of the Government to sustain tourism sector during COVID 19.

Findings - The result of this research is the government has innovate policy thought Virtual, social media, and media mainstream. Indonesian government innovate through Virtual Tourism to accommodate foreign visitors. Besides that, the social media also used by The Ministry Tourism and Creative Economy of Indonesia to promote a new destination of tourist attraction in Indonesia. The media mainstream is also involve to the network to promote a new destination of tourist attraction in Indonesia. The role of the social media official Ministry Tourism and Creativity Economy is seen clearly play a vital role to promote a new destination on the network. Development can be carried out with a living lab-based collaboration in the form of co-creation of creating virtual tourism content (Virtual Tourism) based on virtual reality technology (virtual reality) by taking into account the information and needs of stakeholders such as the government, destination managers, and tourists

**Research limitations** - The limitations of this research is the secondary data can not explain clearly the role of society as support actors on implementation the new strategy.

**Originality/value** - The research is used a new research design approach because used the meta data.

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Keywords : Government Response, New Normal Virtual Tourism, Social Media



# Government Policy in Dealing With Forest Fire. Case Study : Aceh Province

Faez Syahroni<sup>1</sup>, Eko Priyo Purnomo<sup>2</sup>, Lubna Salsabila<sup>3</sup>, Aqil Teguh Fathani<sup>4</sup>, Novia Amirah Azmi<sup>5</sup>

<sup>1,2,3,4</sup>Department Of Government Affairs And Administration, Jusuf Kalla School Of Government, Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta, Indonesia, <sup>5</sup>Department Of Communication Studies, Universitas Perintis Indonesia, Padang-indonesia

#### **Abstract**

**Background** - This study attempts to contribute to explaining government policies in forest fires that occurred in Aceh Province. Previous research has focused on elements of policy problems and solutions and characteristics in forest and land fires in Riau Province.

**Purpose** - Purpose  $\hat{a} \in$  "The aim of this study is to examine the position of media narratives in forest and land fires in Aceh Province. Content and narrative distribution on social media are the subjects of a social media study.

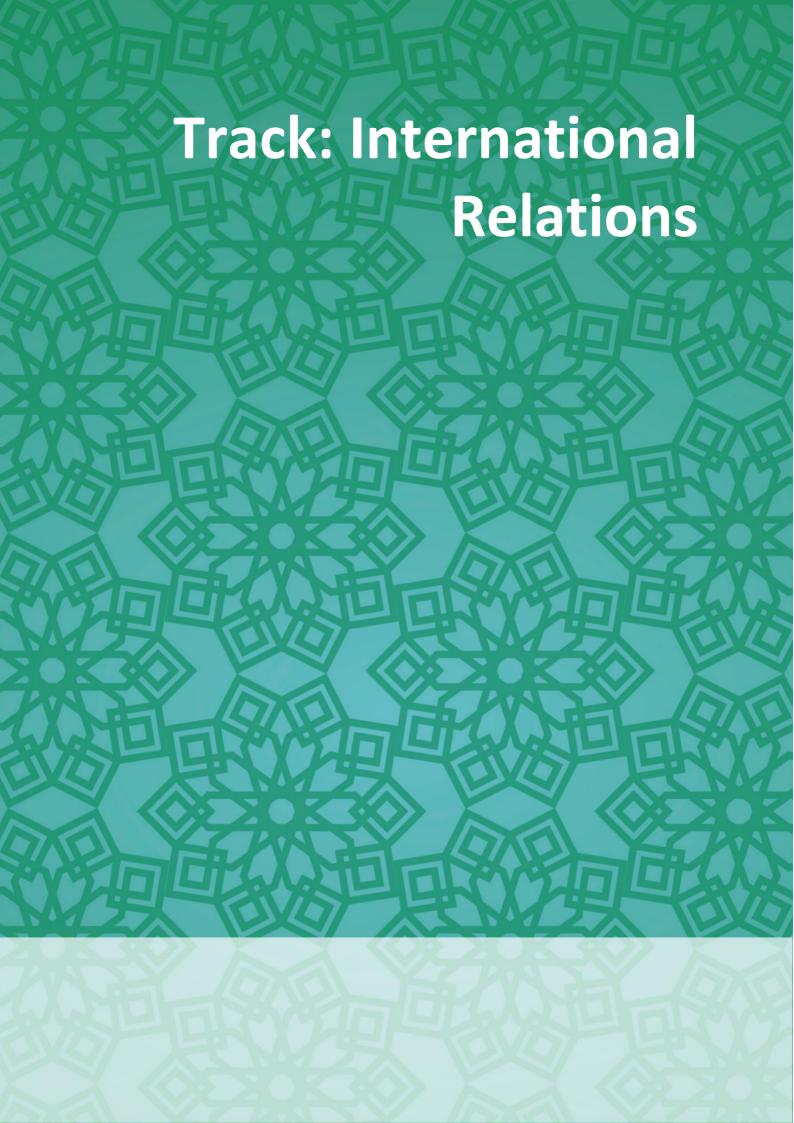
**Design/methodology/approach** - The approach is qualitative, with data from online news sources being analyzed using qualitative data analysis software, in this case Nvivo 12Plus, and descriptive methods being used in the distribution. The research procedure entails: first, gathering data from five online media sources using N-Capture. Second, for sensitive data, data coding employs words or indicators. Third, three toll map analyzes, clusters, and cloud word analysis are used in the analysis. Fourth, to express meaning, present the data in a descriptive manner.

**Findings** - Media narratives have an effect on forest and land tenure policies, according to the findings. The government's inability to take appropriate action against the offenders, the sluggish judicial procedure, and the fact that the majority of cases were found to have violated statutory laws on state community land were all overlooked. As a result of the spread of haze in West Aceh and Nagan Raya Districts, forest and land fires broke out in Aceh Province. Land damage occurs not only in subdistricts, but also in villages and sub-districts. Forest and land fires can be contained with government cooperation at all levels, from national to regional to village.

**Research limitations** - Knowing natural events regarding forest and land fires on social media causes some drawbacks to the research, such as data that focuses on social media data.

**Originality/value** - This study attempts to contribute to explaining government policies in forest fires that occurred in Aceh Province. Previous research has focused on elements of policy problems and solutions and characteristics in forest and land fires in Riau Province

Keywords	s : Government, Polic	y, Forest Fire		



# Indonesia Defense Diplomacy Against the United States - China In The South China Sea As An Effort To Create Peace In The Region

Gerald Theodorus L. Toruan<sup>1</sup>, Suhirwan<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Ministry Of Defence, <sup>2</sup>Indonesia Defense University

#### **Abstract**

**Background** - The development of the situation in the South China Sea lately has been very worrying, the presence of the two major countries of the United States and China has created tensions in the region. There is rivalry in the South China Sea, which makes these two countries exert their strength and display actions that endanger regional security. The United States has its own interest in being present in the South China Sea with its Freedom of Navigation policy this country does not want to be regulated by international law and is free to move anywhere, meanwhile China also has an interest in the South China Sea to build a new power in this region as one of the areas used for its military. The United States and China provoke each other by deploying their respective warships warplanes. Indonesia has good relations with these two countries, through defense diplomacy, Indonesia can take advantage of the opportunities of these two countries in an effort to create regional peace

**Purpose** - This research aims to see Indonesia's defense diplomacy as one of the media in facing the United States - China in the South China Sea for the sake of creating security in the region.

**Design/methodology/approach** - This study used a qualitative descriptive method by collecting data through interviews, discussion, and literature studies. The research instrument using interview guidelines, for interview informants are divided into three parts, namely main informants, keys and supporting

**Findings** - The findings in this study are that Indonesia's defense diplomacy can be used in facing the rivalry between the United States and China in the South China Sea and how Indonesia can take advantage of these two great countries.

**Research limitations** - The limitation in this research is Indonesia defense diplomacy which is used in the context of creating security in the region

**Originality/value** - The novelty of this research is Indonesia's defense diplomacy strategy in facing the rivalry between the United States and China in the South China Sea

Keywords: Defense Diplomacy, South China Sea, Create Peace, Region



# Analysis of Mode Transportation for Tourism Development: A Case study in the Magelang Regency, Central Java

In'amul Mustofa<sup>1</sup>, Eko Priyo Purnomo<sup>2</sup>, Lubna Salsabila<sup>3</sup>, Aqil Teguh Fathani<sup>4</sup>, Mochammad Iqbal Fadhlurrohman<sup>5</sup>

<sup>1,2,3,4,5</sup>Department Of Government Affairs And Administration, Jusuf Kalla School Of Government, Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta, Indonesia

#### **Abstract**

**Background** - Magelang Regency, which is directly adjacent to the Special Region of Yogyakarta, culturally and tourism has had a positive effect on the tourism sector. So this research tries to explore the existence and carrying capacity of transportation modes in developing tourism in Magelang regency. Previous research related to tourism in the Magelang district has been carried out but with an accommodation facility approach.

**Purpose** - This study aims to examine the carrying capacity of the existing modes of transportation in leading tourist objects and propose implementation steps in developing tourism in the mode of transportation. With the hope of increasing the number of tourists through improvements and innovations in the transportation sector. The leading tourist objects in Magelang Regency are in Kalibening, Secang and Ketep Pass, Sawangan. The extent to which the carrying capacity of transportation in the two tourist areas supports tourism development.

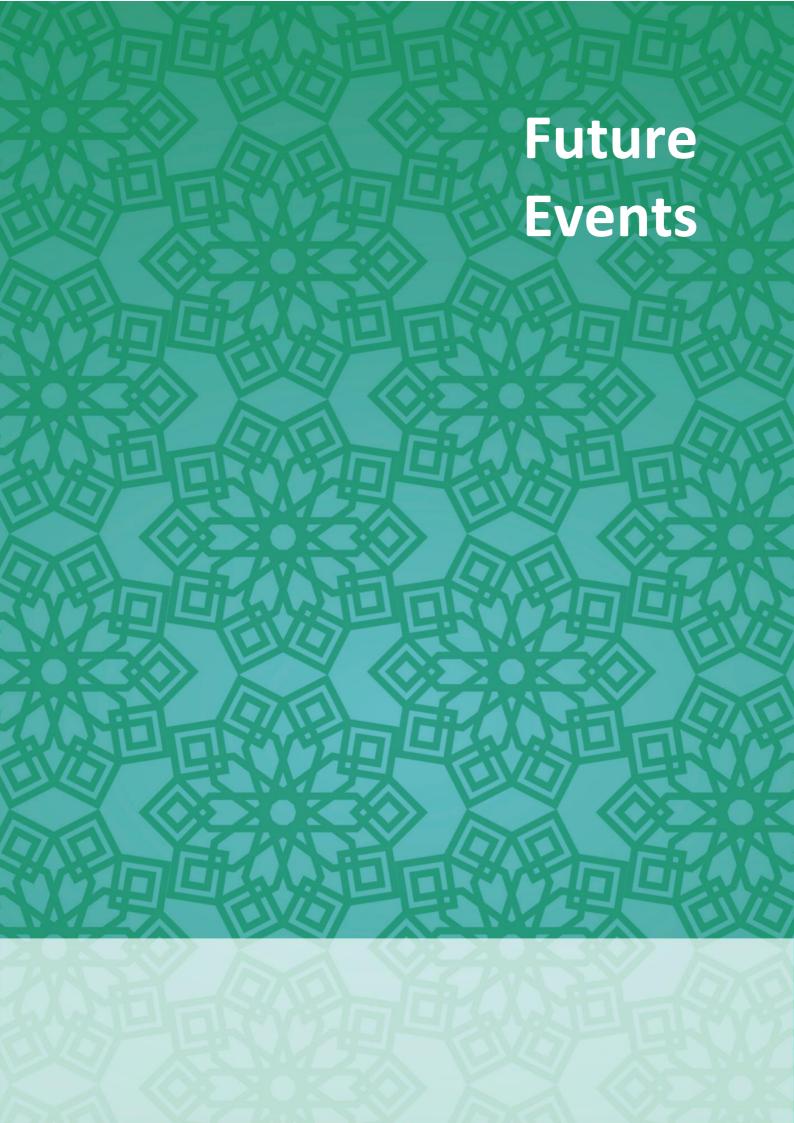
**Design/methodology/approach** - This methodology is used in the qualitative method, namely analyzing secondary data obtained from the Magelang Regency Website and direct observation and then describing it to find new meanings. The data is narrated with a social approach.

**Findings** - This research found that, first, the use of transportation modes for leading tourist objects in the Kalibening Water Park and Ketep Pass was limited to using border transportation and rural transportation. Second, the connectivity between destination areas in the leading tourist areas also still uses rural transportation. In other words, there is no alternative transportation managed by the local community. This is evidenced by the transportation route from Ketep Pass to Kedung Kayang destination; the means of transport are still limited.

**Research limitations** - The research carried out is only limited to the two leading tourist areas, namely Kalibening Water Park and Ketep Pass, in Magelang Regency. The data obtained is secondary data taken from the website of Magelang Regency, especially the tourism office and the transportation office. Another limitation is the absence of primary data, for example, by direct interviews related to the level of tourist satisfaction in transportation in the two regions.

**Originality/value** - This study tries to explain how the state of transportation in both destinations: Kalibening Water Park and Ketep Pass, based on an analysis of the availability of the number of means of transportation and the type of transportation

Keywords: Transportation, Tourism Development, Magelang Regency	



#### **FUTURE EVENTS**

July 28, 2021 | Virtual Conference

2nd International Conference on Management, Education, and Social Science (2nd MESS)

http://messconference.com/2nd-mess/

August 11, 2021 | Virtual Conference

5th International Conference on Interdisciplinary in Business, Economy, Management, and Social Studies (5th IBEMS)

https://www.ibemsconference.com/index.php/ibems-5th/

August 12-13, 2021 | Virtual Conference

International Conference on Governance Risk-management and Compliance (ICGRC)

https://www.icgrc.com/

August 30, 2021 | Virtual Conference

7th International Conference on Business, Economy, Management and Social Studies Towards Sustainable Economy (7th BEMSS)

http://www.bemssconference.com/index.php/7th-bemss/

September 8-9, 2021 | Virtual Conference

5<sup>th</sup> International Conference Postgraduate School

http://icpsunair.com/

September 14, 2021 | Virtual Conference

2nd International Conference on Language, Education and Teaching Research (2nd ICLET)

http://www.icletconference.com/index.php/2nd-iclet/

September 25-26, 2021 | Virtual Conference

Bandung International Conference on Medical and Health Sciences (BICMHS)

https://bicmhs.com

October 4, 2021 | Virtual Conference

LPPM UPN "VETERAN" Yogyakarta Conference Series 2021 – Economic and Business, Political and Social Science, & Engineering and Science

https://upnconfeseries.com/2021-2/

October 5-7, 2021 | Virtual Conference

7th Singapore International Conference on Management, Business, Economic and Social Science (7th SIMBES)

http://www.simbesconference.com/7th-simbes/

November 8, 2021 | Virtual Conference

6th International Conference on Interdisciplinary Research on Education, Economic Studies, Business and Social Science (6th RESBUS)

http://resbusconference.com/index.php/6th-resbus/

December 6, 2021 | Virtual Conference

7th Japan International Business and Management Research Conference (7th JIBM)

http://www.jibmconference.com/index.php/7th-jibm/

December 14 - 15, 2021 | Virtual Conference

The International Halal Science and Technology Conference 2021 (IHSATEC): 14th Halal Science and Business (HASIB)

https://www.ihsatec.com



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